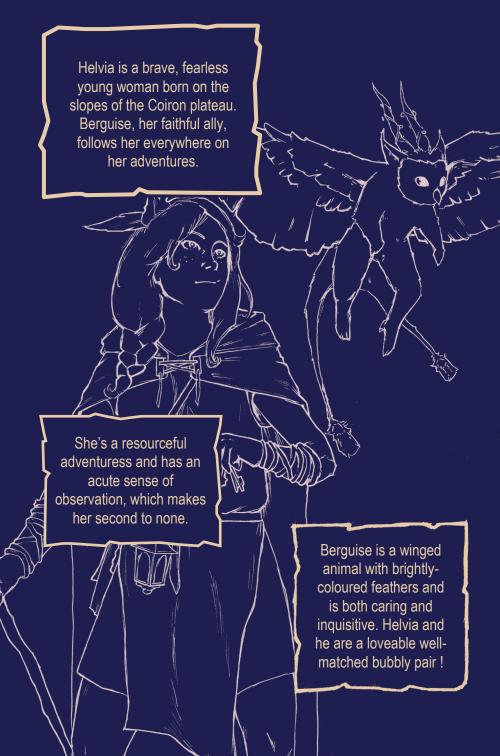


Helvia and Berguise are a very keen pair of explorers, always on the lookout for new adventures, thrills and discoveries.

Inquisitive Berguise flew farther afield than usual recently ... and came back with an enormous bunch of keys.

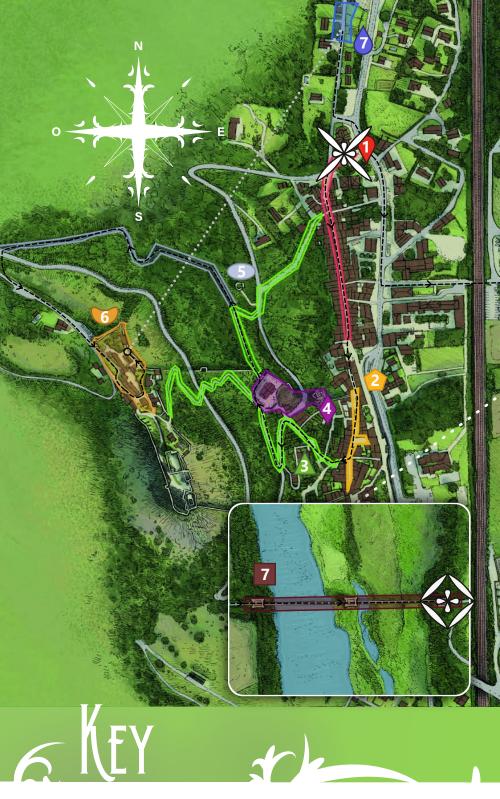
What a piece of luck, the keys open the doors to countless unknown villages!

They immediately set off in search of adventure down the corridors of time. Heritage, architecture, scenic landscapes, arts and crafts, everything will be revealed! They can't wait to show you what they have found, so follow in their footsteps!





See you at the north car-park near the church for the beginning of our adventure.





Start



**Finish** 



To the 2nd stage of the trail

--- Trail

# THE STOPS



















## - THE RED STOP

## **ENTRANCE TO RUE DU FAUBOURG**

Helvia: So here we are in Rochemaure Berguise Just over there is the church built in 1867. Look, here's the entrance to rue du Faubourg which was called « Carreria Bassa » in the Middle Ages. Berquise: Have you seen this big stone in front of the village Council Offices ?! It's got funny writing on it ...

Helvia: Really Berquise! It's written in Latin and it isn't just a big stone! It's a milestone which is nearly 2,000 years old! Well, a replica anyway. The original is in a safe place.

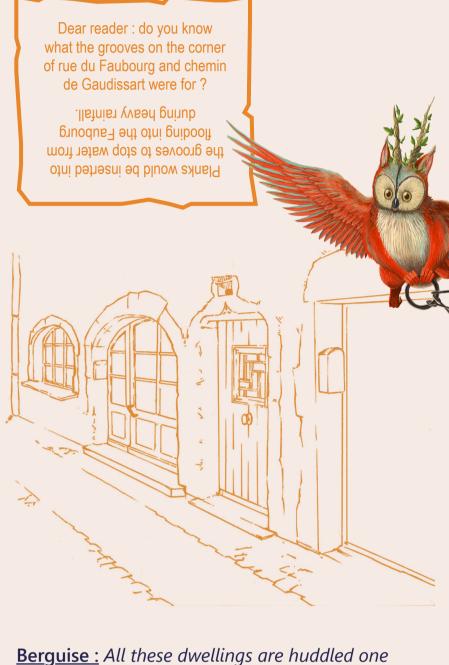
Berquise: All right, but I still don't know what it was for!

Helvia: A milestone indicates a distance. Between 138 and 161AD, when Antoninus Pius

was Emperor of Rome, Rochemaure was on a very important routeway. The Via Antoninus passed through the Helvien capital of Alba. The Romans placed a milestone every 1,000 Roman feet, or 1.478 km to be exact. Rochemaure's milestone indicates 9,000 Roman feet. So I'll let you work out the distance Berguise. Berguise! Berguise! Where are you? Berquise: Sorry Helvia, I was listening but I flew a little higher to get a bird's eye view of the

street. Helvia: Let's walk into the village and take a closer look then.

Dear reader: do you know



level, there was a wide door which allowed access to a workshop, shop or undercroft. To one side, there's another door behind which a staircase leads up to one or two floors. There was sometimes even a loft with a opening onto the street and a pulley system so that you could haul

Helvia: Some of them look as though they

Berguise: Well, look carefully Helvia! At street

against the other. It would seem that in the 16th

century they were all built to the same sort

Helvia: What do you mean?

hay or food up there for storage.

belonged to people with money.

of plan.

**Berguise:** Why do you say that? Helvia: Well some of the houses have mullioned windows or symbols engraved above the doorway.



Look carefully at the surprising street names like Rhône street or Fisherman's alley. That's because right up to the 18th century, the Rhône flowed where the present RD86 trunk road is. Who'd have thought it ?!

Helvia: Berguise, I can hear the sound of water splashing somewhere near the small square at the end of Faubourg street. A wash-house maybe? Berguise: You're right! Rochemaure had several fountains and each dwelling was directly supplied with springwater by a gravity-fed network.

> some pleasant surprises in store (next page). - Or would you like to climb even higher by retracing our steps along chemin de Gaudissart (Symbol 3 on the plan ; green

Where do you want to start out on your adventure? - Shall we climb the steepish hill ... which has

stop: animal and plant life; Rochemaure's trails ?)



Turn into rue de la Violle, via the first archway as you arrive from the Faubourg.



entrances to Rochemaure's lower town. Berguise: Really? But I can't see any gate! Helvia: A little imagination is called for here Berguise! Look carefully at this wall and imagine an

archway and gate which was one of the main entrances to the village. It was called Suchet Gate. If you look higher up, you can see the crenellations along the battlements which completely surrounded the village of Rochemaure. Berguise: Those walls are just amazing! I flew over them earlier and saw they start high up

there near the castle and come right down here to protect the village. But, hold on Helvia! That means that when we were in the Faubourg earlier we weren't safe from attack !!! Helvia: That's right Berguise, but no need to worry! We are out of harm's way now, and just to make certain let's carry along rue de la Violle! At

as beautiful if not more so than those in the Faubourg. Helvia: They are indeed. Apparently in the 16th century, there were many tradesmen and craftsmen in rue de la Violle, which at the time

Berguise: Yes let's go! Helvia, these houses are

least there, we'll be well inside the walls.

was called « carreria publica ». Those burgers that's the name given to someone dwelling in a borough or town - contributed greatly to the development of the local economy. Look carefully: several houses

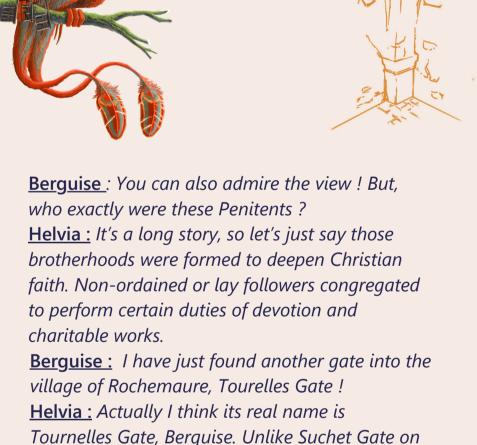
house front.

church, haven't we?!

have larmiers or hood moulds, often over the entrance door. They stopped rainwater from trickling further down the



that's left. It belonged to the Penitents chapel built in 1718. The rest of that disappeared in 1919. If you examine the entrance to the presentday square, you can see where its arches were.



the north side of the village, this one still has its

Berquise: True, there's the bartizan above the gate, which enabled you to hurl objects down on

side. Each entrance is really well-guarded.

your enemies. And just look at the walls on either

Helvia: Well well, I see you're getting to be a bit of an expert on defensive systems. What do you

system of defences.

want to do now? I've located chemin de Malbouron which goes right up to the castle. Are you coming with me? If so we have to turn back then bear left. Or maybe you'd rather cool off a bit at Rochemaure's spring (symbol A: blue stop : the Bernarde spring)? There's another IHS crest in rue de la Violle, like the one on page 7. Have you found it?

On your stroll, there are a few architectural gems to be seen. Sketch: this Flamboyant Gothic housefront dates from the 15th century.

> Its corner window and the stone carving make it really special.



Emprunte la rue de la Violle, passage sous une première

arche en venant du Faubourg



You're on one of the trails leading up to another architectural discovery. Whichever trail you take, you'll see the abundant plant and wildlife here.

To respect the environment, please do not disturb the animals or pick the plants.

<u>Helvia</u>: Perhaps we'll meet some animals? Kites fly far and high during the Spring. You can also see hawks and common buzzards, which are easily recognized from their call.

Berguise: I fancy going for a fly! I'm going to soar up really high and see if I meet any of them.



<u>Berguise</u>: While I was flying around, I noticed there is a wide variety of plant species in Rochemaure.

Helvia: That's true. It's thanks to the soil, Berguise. Plants, bushes and trees here grow well on the fertile basalt soil. Other elements can affect and modify the way they look, such as exposure to sun. Plants adapt to their environment.

Look at the sketches I've done as I've wandered along the different trails.





The almond tree is one of the first to blossom at the end of the winter.

## 4 - THE PURPLE STOP

### THE TOWER OF GUYONS **DE GEYS DE PAMPELONNE**

Berguise: Why was it built so near to the lower village? Helvia: Because it was in direct contact with the

major transport routes. There were two: a road and a waterway, both of which were used for the transportation of goods. Remember the names of some of the streets in the lower town, Fisherman's alley and Rhône street.

Berquise: There must have been lots of

merchant traffic on the river! Helvia: There was, and the economic benefit

from it was huge. As from the Middle Ages, the

lords of Rochemaure set up a tollbooth. Whenever you wanted to cross from one bank to the other, you had to pay a toll. Berguise: How much would it have cost?

Helvia: It's not as simple as that. It depended on the era, the social standing of the passengers and

the goods they were transporting. For example, someone from Rochemaure might not have had to pay anything or at least less than a « foreigner » would.

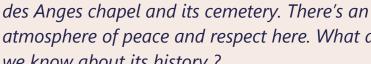


Helvia: Yes, today, that monument is privatelyowned Berguise. It's built on a rock spur of volcanic origin.

Berquise: On my way up I saw a monument. At first, I thought it was the castle. Then when I got



closer, I saw I was mistaken.



atmosphere of peace and respect here. What do we know about its history? Helvia: This chapel was already here in the 13th

Religion. Berguise: Look at the top of the belltower, Helvia! Above the opening on the left, there's a woman's and a man's face. You can even see a

date engraved above the woman's: « 1596 ».

Helvia: Oh, you've got good eyesight Berguise. I think the original Roman milestone is here inside.

century but the building you see today dates from

the late 16th century and is no longer

consecrated. It was rebuilt then after being destroyed by Protestants during the Wars of

Berquise: Here we are in front of Notre Dame



treasure! There's a replica of the Magic Square, a

beautiful 17th-century fresco and the vaults of

Berquise: Yes it is, but that's not the only

several families from Rochemaure or the

surrounding villages. Helvia: The names on the tombs are definitely

those of Rupismaurian familles. Come on Berguise, let's climb even higher and explore the upper town of Rochemaure. Or if you prefer, we can go back down to the lower town (symbol 🚺 ). Berguise: No, let's carry on up. I've only just

started warming up my wings! Let's follow the Saut de l'Ane path. Helvia: OK. Apparently there's a legend about



this trail.

On your way up from the village, follow the chapel wall to a turret facing you. Then bear left onto the Saut de l'Ane path.

#### 5 - THE GREY STOP

#### **SAUT DE L'ANE PATH**

<u>Berguise</u>: Helvia, you mentioned something about a legend. What does it say?

Helvia: Are you sure you want to hear it? It might scare you!

<u>Berguise</u>: Really? It doesn't matter, I'm brave and anyway it's only a story.

Helvia: If you say so!

A long time ago on a cold winter's night, a man who'd had a little too much to drink was being chased by the devil. His small grey donkey was not renowned for being the fastest of mounts. The man was riding up this path and saw the devil coming. Unfortunately, the ravine was close too and they were trapped between the devil on the one hand and the precipice on the other. What could they do? In desperation, the man decided to invoke Saint Christopher, the patron saint of travellers and strays.

Berguise: And what happened?

Helvia: Well, would you believe, all of a sudden, the donkey, in a single bound with his master on his back, leapt right up to the top! Safe and sound!

**Berguise**: You tell a good story really well, Helvia.

<u>Helvia</u>: JI had assistance from a poem written by Paul Nègre, a poet from Rochemaure. We'll come across the fruit of his quill when we get to the Bernarde spring.

<u>Berguise</u>: Personally, I'm no stranger to quills and feathers!

Helvia: Berguise, you know you can be tedious sometimes! Look we've almost reached Rochemaure's upper town.



Emprunte la rue de la Violle, passage sous une première arche en venant du Faubourg

## 6 - THE ORANGE STOP

## THE LANDSCAPE

Helvia: Et voilà Berguise, nous sommes arrivés au point culminant de la commune! Berguise: Sorry, but I have to disagree, Helvia.

Look around you. One of the highest points is the Chenavari peak. It's a 506-metre high volcano. This scenery is what has shaped the heritage we see today. Helvia: What do you mean?

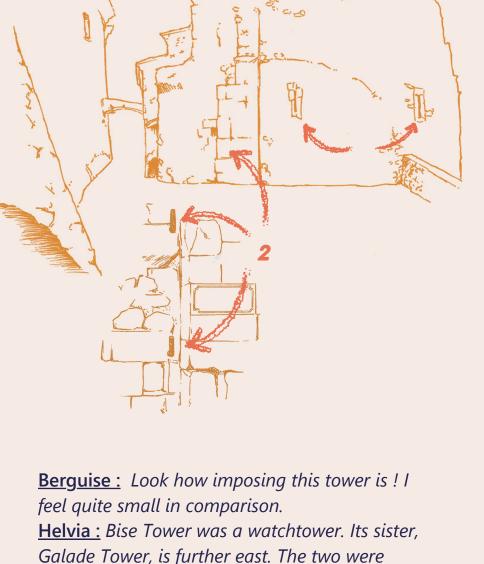
Berquise: Facing us is the Coiron masssif. It was formed millions of years ago and has supplied masons with a black stone called basalt. You can see they used resistant basalt and softer limestone as building materials. The limestone was used for window and door surrounds or arches. Look how beautiful and peaceful it is here ...

It is enchanting! The people

who live in this part of the village have a fantastic view and enjoy peace and quiet too.

Let's keep a low profile and respect our surroundings.





battlements or ramparts. We'll talk about them later. Let's take the gentler path. Berguise: Helvia, we're under attack!

linked together by a protective wall we call the

Helvia: What are you talking about Berguise?! Berguise: Look! Facing us! There are two loopholes and I'm sure I saw something move in the background. Helvia: What ??? Oh, You mean those slits opposite (1)? They could be deadly in the past.

But there's no-one here to attack us today,

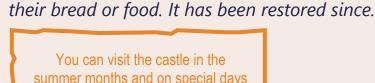
Berguise! However, there would have been a gate here. If you look closer you'll probably see

the hinges it hung on (2). Berguise: Yes, I see what you mean Helvia. There was no doubt a really complex system of defence like the one at Tournelles Gate. Helvia: Yes, no doubt there was, especially as it was the entrance to Rochemaure castrum. Berquise: « Castrum », what's that?

Helvia: A castrum is a fortified area centred

around a castle and the village and its dwellings.

In the 14th century, to get into this part of the castrum, you had to use the trail up Rignas valley. We'll explore that another day. Today, let's get closer to the castle entry. Dear reader, there is access to drinking water near the castle entrance gate. Helvia: Look carefully. Have you seen the oven to the right of the entrance? It was built in

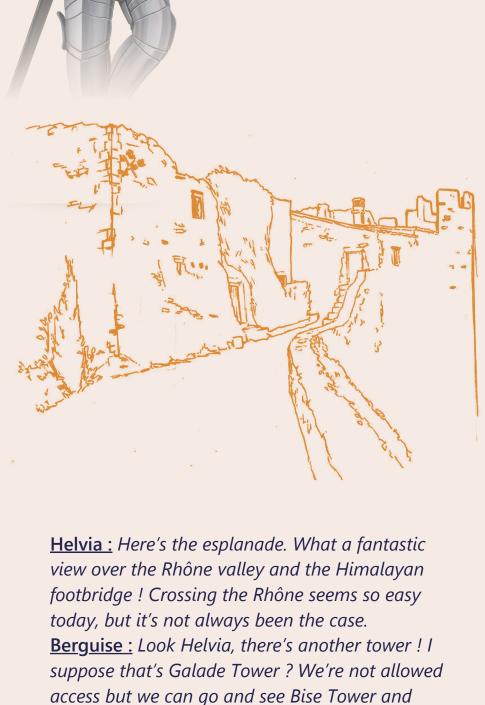


Medieval times.

You can visit the castle in the summer months and on special days throughout the year either with or without a guide.

Berguise: Yes I have. It was the communal oven the lord had built so that inhabitants could bake

Dear visitor, stroll down the alleyways taking care not to disturb the tranquility of their inhabitants. Follow the battlements to the esplanade.



Berguise: That's right! Do you know that Bise Tower was identical to Galade Tower? Facing us, there's an opening into the castle courtyard. Archers and crossbowmen were posted inside the tower and could defend it on all sides from the embrasures behind the loopholes. To the right of the tower, high up, you can see the holes for the supports of the parapet walk or hoardings.

> Just imagine, a whole garrison could advance along the battlements and into the different towers in order to defend Rochemaure from within.

there we'll learn more about Rochemaure's

Berguise: We're now facing the inner side of Bise

Helvia: Of course I do . It's because it faces north and that's where the « Bise » wind comes from.

tower. Incidentally, do you know why it's called

system of defences.

that?

Helvia: In the 16th century it would appear that there were around 50 men-at-arms here. **Berquise**: Let's go down the steps to look more closely at the houses. **Berguise**: They are remarkably well-preserved! Helvia: Most of the houses in this part of the village have been restored over the past 50 years or so. They stood here in Medieval

for example. It means the buildings blend better into their surroundings. Berguise: What a magnificent view! I say, Helvia, I flew off towards the Himalayan footbridge earlier. It's superb! I'd love to show it

to you. Shall we go back down?

Bernarde spring.

Helvia: OK, but before we go to the footbridge,

I'd like to have a refreshing drink at the

times but they didn't look like this

owners have chosen to restore the

buildings in the traditional way.

<u>Helvia</u>: That's right, by re-using the materials they found on site

Berguise: I see, the present

at that time.

There are two ways down: To the left of the castle entrance

it's a steep path.

gate, follow chemin de Madame: Iternatively, go back down chemin du Saut de l'Ane. Either way, follow the signs to the centre of the village and they will take you to rue du Faubourg. Turn left to return to the car-park near the church.

> Then carry straight on to the spring in rue des Fontaines.

#### 7 - THE BLUE STOP

#### **BERNARDE SPRING**

Berguise: Well, there's rather a lot of people

here at the spring!

Helvia: Yes, lots of people come and fetch their drinking water from Bernarde spring as access is unrestricted. The spring was discovered in the late 19th century by a labourer from Rochemaure called Bernard. It was tapped and in fact supplied part of the village with running water for several decades.

Berguise: Didn't it almost disappear?



Helvia: Yes it did. In the 1970s, building works damaged the pipes and it could no longer be used. However, Paul Nègre and some other Rupismaurians stepped in and the springwater started to flow again.

In order to protect the spring and increase awareness amongst visitors, Paul Nègre wrote this poem :

« Straight from the mountain I do come, Purity is my companion, Please do not harm me, Help yourself graciously, And sparkling water I will supply, Unceasingly. »



See you at the Himalayan footbridge. It's about a 15-minute walk, through the centre of the village then left along allée du Vieux Pont. Otherwise it's a 5-minute drive.

#### 8 - THE BROWN STOP

#### THE HIMALAYAN FOOTBRIDGE

<u>Berguise</u>: Here we are Helvia, the Himalayan Footbridge! Now you realise why I wanted to bring you here. Don't you think it's superb?

<u>Helvia</u>: Yes, it's absolutely amazing! It's a bit wobbly isn't it, especially if it's windy!

<u>Berguise</u>: Yes, that's because it's a suspension bridge Helvia, but it didn't look anything like this originally.

<u>Helvia</u>: Yes, that's what it says on the information panels over there. Let's go and find out more about it.



<u>Helvia</u>: Well there we are Berguise! Our tour is over! <u>Berguise</u>: Already? There were some beautiful things to see in Rochemaure. I'm really looking forward to some new adventures!

<u>Helvia</u>: So am I! Let's go, there are so many more villages to explore!

Where will the bunch of keys take us next? And to what period in history?



more adventures!

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# D'HELVIA ET BERGUISE

Pour suivre la suite des aventures

SAINT-VINCENT-DE-BARRÈS

